

Stock Exchange Authorities in India

In India, several regulatory bodies oversee stock exchanges and ensure orderly and fair trading. The main authorities are:

1. National Stock Exchange (NSE)

- **Role:** NSE is one of the leading stock exchanges in India. It provides a platform for trading in equities, derivatives, and other financial instruments.
- **Functions:** Facilitates electronic trading, maintains a transparent market, and offers a wide range of financial products.

2. Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE)

- **Role:** BSE is one of the oldest stock exchanges in India. It also offers a platform for trading in various securities.
- **Functions:** Provides a platform for buying and selling stocks, bonds, and derivatives, and maintains market standards and regulations.

3. Multi Commodity Exchange (MCX)

- **Role:** MCX is a leading commodity exchange in India, specializing in trading commodities like gold, silver, and crude oil.
- **Functions:** Facilitates trading in commodity futures and provides market transparency and price discovery.

4. National Commodity and Derivatives Exchange (NCDEX)

- **Role:** NCDEX focuses on the trading of agricultural commodities and derivatives.
- **Functions:** Provides a platform for trading in agricultural futures, ensuring price stability and risk management for farmers and traders.

These authorities collectively ensure that financial markets operate efficiently, transparently, and in compliance with regulatory standards to protect investors and maintain market stability.

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 **ICSE**

 **NTSE**

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