

9th – Adjective



Definition: An adjective is a word used to qualify or describe a noun or a pronoun.

Types of Adjectives:

1. Adjectives of quality.
2. Adjective of quantity
3. Adjective of number
4. Demonstrative adjective.
5. Interrogative adjective.
6. Possessive adjective.

Kolkata is my city. Kolkata is a big city. It stands on the left bank of the beautiful river Hooghly. This river is a tributary of the Ganges. The river usually has enough water throughout the year. Kolkata has two railway stations. There are many monuments in the city. Each monument is quite stunning. Which monument is my favorite? The Victoria memorial, of course!

All the highlighted words above have been used to describe or qualify noun.

1. Adjective of quality: It describes the kind or quality of a person or thing. Ex: big city, beautiful river.

2. Adjective of quantity: It indicates how much of a thing is meant. Ex: little rain, enough water.

3. Adjective of number: It indicates how much of a thing is meant. Ex: two stations, six fairies.

- **Definite numeral Adjective:** States the exact number of people or things.
- **Cardinal:** It tells us the number of people or thing. Ex: thirty years, twenty days.
- **Ordinal:** Tell us the order of people or things in a series. Ex: second example, sixth month of the year.
- **Indefinite numeral adjectives:** Do not indicate an exact number. Ex: few children, many people.
- **Distributive numeral adjective:** Refer to each one of a number. Ex: every child, each person.

4. Demonstrative adjectives: It indicates which person or thing is meant. Ex: this river, those girls. **Learning With Innovation.....**

This, that, these and those can be used both as adjectives and pronouns. Demonstrative adjective will always be followed by a noun.

Ex: This is a charming old city. (Pronoun, pointing to the noun, city)

5. Interrogative adjectives: They are used with nouns to ask questions, Ex: which city, whose pen.

6. Possessive adjective: It shows belonging or possession. Ex: my city, their house.

Q1. Underline the adjectives in these sentences.

1. Which fruit is your favourite?

2. I visited their house while I was passing through the city.

3. I have bought enough supplies to last me a week.

4. Every household in my locality has contributed generously for the cause.



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5. Those tourists booked tickets for an hour-long scenic cruise along the Mandovi River aboard a cruise ship.

6. John handled the dicey situation with great tact.

7. My dress for the function will be a red sherwani.

8. Which shirt should I buy?

9. Those trawlers are returning with a large catch.

Q2. Rewrite these sentences with the adjective forms of the highlighted words. Make necessary changes, add words if required, but do not alter the meaning. One has been done for you.

1. You have the freedom to do what you wish.

2. The children are playing happily in the park.

3. We hoped that the deal would be clinched soon.

4. I was impressed by the wildness of the surroundings.

5. I was impressed by Jayant's determination to succeed.

6. The teenagers bravely decided to solve the mystery of the haunted castle.

Q3. Use the opposites of the words given in the box to complete the sentences.

Interesting sharp modern wonderful calm
pleasing simple annoyed public hideous

1. The prince lived in a _____ castle.

2. I was _____ by the antics of the kittens.....

3. The dwarf lived in an _____ cottage.

4. I can't read further. This is a rather _____ story.

5. The _____ designs on this fabric are difficult to copy.

6. The _____ waters of the rivulet made rowing impossible.

7. The actor organized a _____ screening of his film for a select audience.

